

Benchmarking tool for last-mile distributors Value Proposition

20th November 2024

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Agenda



Introduction to benchmark – 10'
 Value proposition KPIs – 60'
 Q&A – 20'





Built with FCDO* financing, the benchmark tool enables auto-diagnosis of businesses using 23 operational KPIs**

Objectives	Scope	Methodology	Ways to use it
 The tool aims to help: LMDs determine KPls to track, assess their performance and compare with peers Funders gain intel on operational parameters, streamline part of their DD, and identify TA needs The sector become more transparent 	Operational KPIs: • Value proposition and financing • Sales and marketing • Back-end infrastructure and overheads Complementing financial and Environmental and Social indicators	 3 main sources: Hystra's work with 63 LMDs since 2013 and 10 leading LMDs recently interviewed for this work GDC survey of 109 LMDs in 2021 PayGo Labs for credit-related indicators 	 Directly by companies for auto diagnostic By funders in discussion with (potential) investees By TA providers to help companies fill in and interpret the benchmark's results, and design optimal support interventions

How to interpret benchmark values



Methodology to define benchmark values

"Best practice": best seen across LMDs who participated

"Good": sufficient to allow an LMD to become sustainable

"Can be improved": KPIs to improve in priority for LMDs looking to be profitable



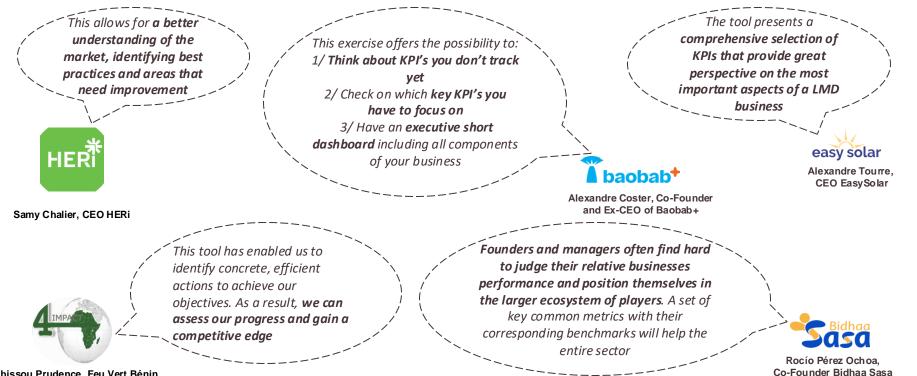
NB: Companies should use this benchmark for a particular business unit/ geography at a time

Disdaimer

- This is an evolving tool
- We have tried to define cross-sector, cross geography KPIs. Yet not all of them may apply to smaller LMDs, across diverse geographies, products, models or in exceptional circumstances
- All indicators should be considered as performance guide and inspiration more than as tests set in stone



Why use this tool? Quotes from LMD entrepreneurs who tested it



Ahissou Prudence, Feu Vert Bénin

Which 23 KPIs are included in the report?

Value Proposition

Net Promoter Score (NPS)

Unique selling proposition

Market segments

Revenue streams

Gross margin

Inclusivity ratio

Product utilisation rate

Sales and Marketing

Above-the-line marketing

Market penetration

Revenue per sales agent

Sales agent compensation

Sales agent cost ratio

Sales agent churn

Sales agents per manager

Cost of field force

Sales agent time efficiency

Back-end Infrastructure and Overheads

Product servicing rate

Stock loss

Overhead ratio

Digitalisation indicator

CEO support system

Cash conversion cycle

Grant contribution

Your moderators for today





Chitraksh Sharma Senior consultant **Hystra**



Lucie Klarsfeld McGrath Partner **Hystra** (GDC advisory board member)

Session on backend infrastructure and overheads

Session on value proposition and sales and marketing

Which 23 KPIs will we focus on today?

Value Proposition Net Promoter Score (NPS) Unique selling proposition **Market segments Revenue streams Gross margin Inclusivity ratio Product utilisation rate**

Grant contribution

Question



Measuring the Net Promoter Score...

- 1. I don't know what the NPS is
- 2. Should be done monthly as a tool to detect causes of dissatisfaction
- 3. Should be done annually to measure customer satisfaction

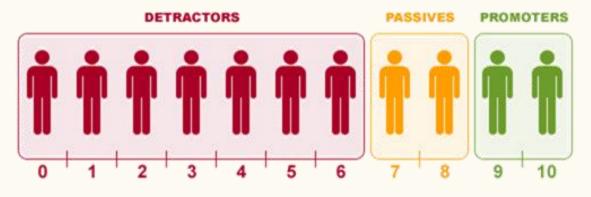
Answer

Measuring the NPS...



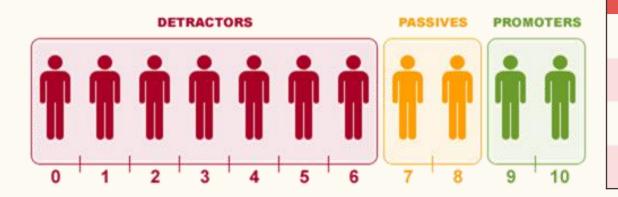
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Net Promoter Score: What is it?

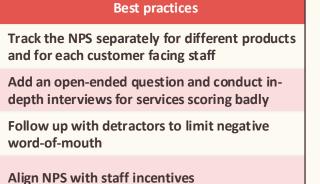


NPS = (Promoters (%) – Detractors (%)) x 100

Net Promoter Score: What is it?



NPS = (Promoters (%) – Detractors (%)) x 100



Benchmark value

- Can be improved: Not measured or <40
- Good: 40-60
- Best practice: 60-100

Question

To calculate your USP, you should survey...

- 1. Customers only
- 2. Customers and non-customers
- 3. At least 100 people
- 4. 20-100 people
- 5. Every two years
- 6. At least once a year
- 7. When course-correcting after facing a critical business challenge



Answer

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Unique selling proposition: How to identify it and build a well-rounded value proposition ?



Unique selling proposition: How to identify it and build a well-rounded value proposition ? Best practices



Segment your customers and non-customers

Understand why customers chose your product over competing offers

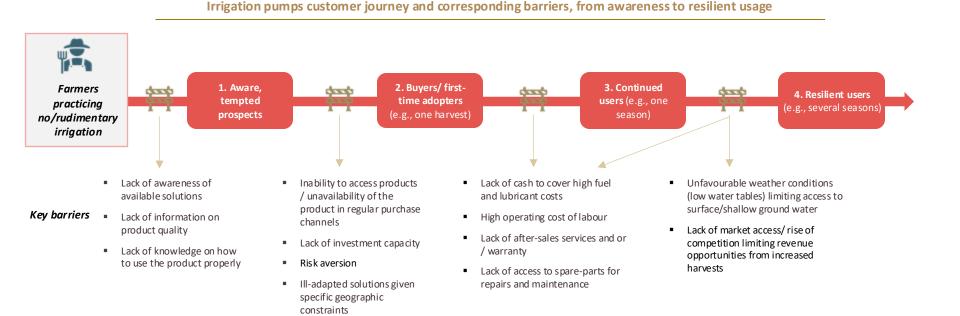
Discover barriers to purchase for non-customers

Research competitors

Benchmark value

- Can be improved: We don't conduct surveys to validate our USP among customers or understand barriers for non-customers. Or, we do conduct surveys but have not done so in the past 24 months
- Good: We have conducted a survey to validate our USP among customers or understand barriers for non-customers within the past 12 to 24 months
- Best practice: We have conducted a survey to validate our USP among customers or understand barriers for non-customers within the last 12 months

Unique selling proposition: How to identify it and build a well-rounded value proposition ?



Source: Hystra analysis

Question



Diversifying your customer base can...

- 1. Increase resilience in face of adverse events
- 2. Help a young company to maximise profits and reduce risk
- 3. Generate new product ideas to replace existing products
- 4. All of the above

Answer

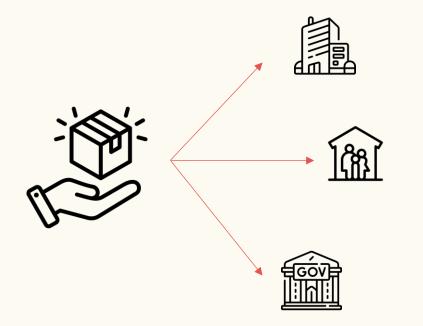


Diversifying your customer base can...

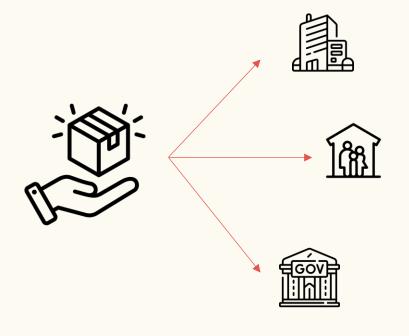
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Number of market segments: How to better segment and serve different market segments?



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Refining or still proving unit economics	Proven unit economics	
 Can be improved: 2 or more Best practice: 1 	 Can be improved: 1 Good: 2 Best practice: 3 or more 	

Question



The key risk with diversifying your revenue streams is...

- 1. Lowering the overall gross margin of your business
- 2. Engaging in activities that do not bring value to the company's core activity and deprive core activities of key resources
- 3. None of the above

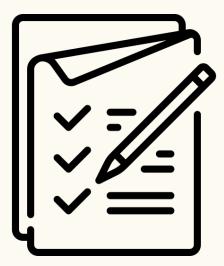
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Revenue streams: How to best diversify and increase your revenues?



Independent revenue streams excluding sales to core customer segment

RBF

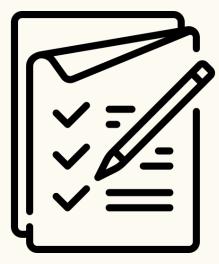
Carbon finance

Consulting

Repair

...

Revenue streams: How to best diversify and increase your revenues?



Independent revenue streams excluding sales to core customer segment

RBF

Carbon finance

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...

Best practices

Map your assets, revenue streams and costs - and assess who else might be ready to pay for it

Find synergies between different value-adding activities

Benchmark value

- Good: 1
- Best practice: 2 or more

Question



Measure gross margin...

- 1. For your entire business, every year
- 2. For each of your product, every quarter
- 3. For each client segment, every year

Answer

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Gross margin: What is it?

(Sales revenue at enduser price – COGS) ÷ Sales revenue

Include other revenues generated directly from sales

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Best practices
Build resilience to endure economic shocks
Adapt gross margin to loan tenure for credit sales

Benchmark value		
Not providing financing	Providing financing	
 Can be improved: 0 - 25% Good: 25 - 35% Best practice: Above 35% 	 Can be improved: 0 - 35% Good: 35 - 50% Best practice: Above 50% 	

Question



Calculating inclusivity ratios can be useful for...

- 1. Raising capital from impact investors
- 2. Diversifying your customer base to target higher-income markets which are more profitable
- 3. Leverage results-based financing programmes
- 4. All of the above

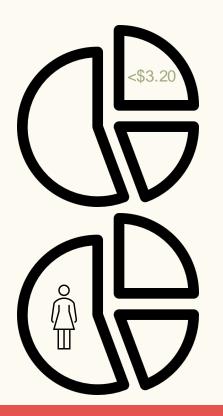
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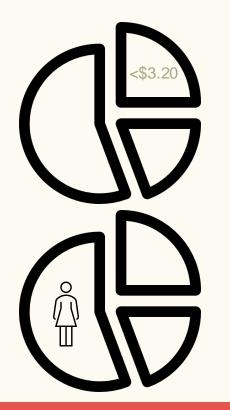


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Inclusivity ratio: What is it and why should it be measured?



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Best practices

Incentivise sales to target customers

Diversify customer base beyond only customers living below the poverty

Use tools providing objective poverty data for assessments and strategic decision-making

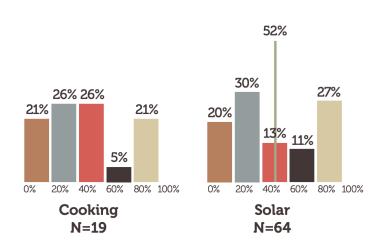
Benchmark value

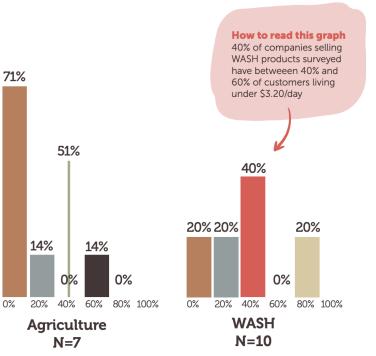
No set rules, depends on your objectives

Inclusivity ratio: How do GDC members perform on income inclusivity?

Case study: Income inclusivity of last mile distributors

These graphs show the extent to which last mile distributors in each sector serve customers living on less than \$3.20/day.





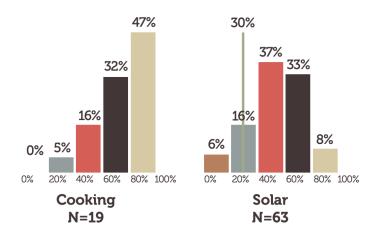
Median of companies surveyed by 60dB

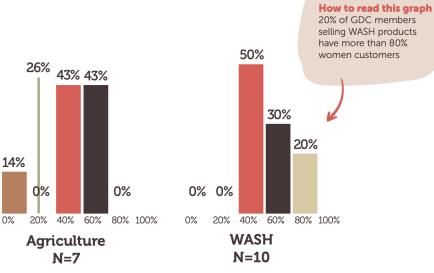
Source: Global Distributors Collective member survey, 2021; data were cleaned for companies that had inconsistent answers. 60 Decibels, 2024.

Inclusivity ratio: How do GDC members perform on gender inclusivity?

Case study: Gender inclusivity of last mile distributors

These graphs show the extent to which last mile distributors in each sector serve women.





Median of companies surveyed by 60dB

Source: Global Distributors Collective member survey, 2021; data were cleaned for companies that had inconsistent answers. 60 Decibels, 2024.

Question



For PayGo only: Measuring the utilisation rate at 60 days...

- 1. Can help assess the quality of client selection and onboarding
- 2. Can measure your current overall portfolio performance
- 3. Can help predict the final repayment rate of a cohort of clients
- 4. All of the above

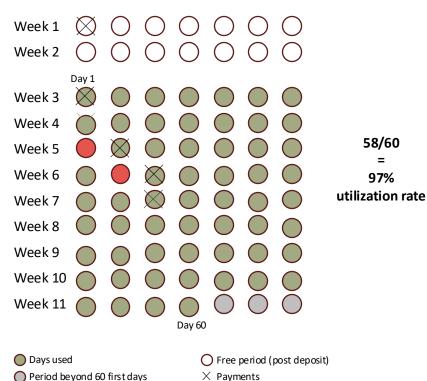
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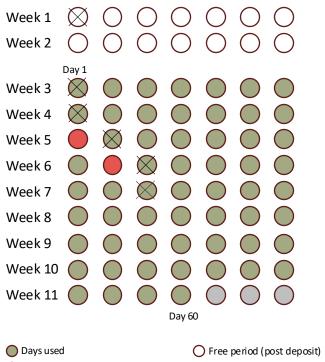
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Product utilisation rate: how to best assess and increase it?



Days where the product was not used

Product utilisation rate: how to best assess and increase it?



Period beyond 60 first days

imes Payments

Days where the product was not used

Best practices

Set up an early warning system to identify customers at risk early on and set up processes to act on those swiftly

Conduct deeper analysis by measuring 30-day utilisation rate and repossess products for 'bad sales'

Ensure that agents properly explain what "pay as you go" means

Benchmark value

- Can be improved: <80%
- Good: 80-90%
- Best practice: >90%





Thank you and wrap up

- Your feedback
- Recording, slides and speaker details

Contact us: <u>GDC@practicalaction.org.uk</u>



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