

Extending product lifetimes through decentralised repair services

Webinar: 29th July 2025



Today's agenda



- 1. GDC Innovation Spotlight highlights
- 2. Trailblazer case study
- 3. Panel discussion
- 4. Closing

Partners

This webinar and the GDC Innovation Launchpad have been funded with UK aid from the UK government, via the Transforming Energy Access platform



Transforming Energy Access



Introduction



Are you currently offering repair as a service?

Have you seen our *updated* spotlight?

What's new?

- In 2024, we ran a six-month pilot cohort with three GDC members: Natfort Energy, Kukula Solar, and Nyalore Impact
- Each tested repair as a service in real-world settings, with support from SolarAid
- The updated spotlight reflects what we learned together:
 Practical insights, real numbers, and tested models
- Today, we're highlighting key additions to the updated publication



Pilots in practice - what we did



Kukula Solar

Offering repair as a service through **trained repair agents**



Nyalore Impact

Offering repair as a service through community repair hubs

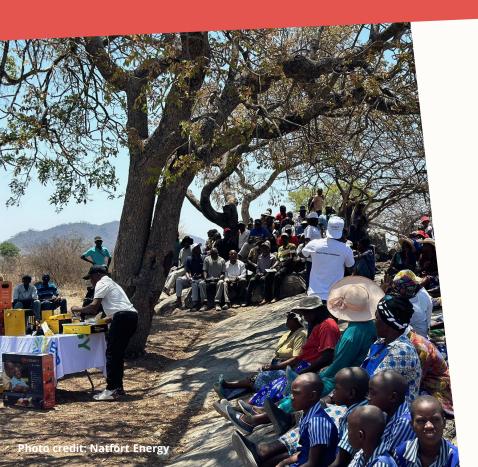


Natfort Energy

Offering repair as a service by building it into their CRM

All companies received a small grant, trailblazer support from SolarAid, and engaged in peer learning sessions to implement their repair as a service models. Although the models are all different, all went from idea to implementation.

Lesson #1: What customers really want



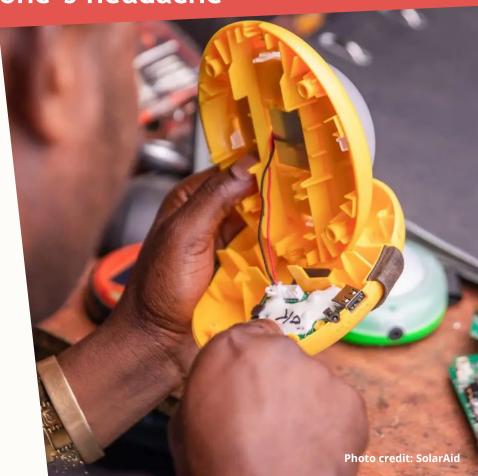
Yes they'll pay - if it makes sense

- Pricing sweet spot: ~20–30% of original product value
- Willingness to pay increased when service was fast, repairs were reliable, and savings were clearly communicated
- High-value products (e.g. solar water pumps)
 more likely to be repaired than cheap ones

Lesson #2: Spare parts - everyone's headache

Spare parts access is still difficult

- All three LMDs struggled to get the parts they needed
- Common issues included high minimum order quantities, delays and inconsistent quality
- Some tried stockpiling commonly used parts or building their own components
- Without reliable access to spares, it is hard to scale repair



Lesson #3: Multiple models, no one-size-fits-all



There is no single blueprint

- Some relied on in-house repair by agents,
 others partnered with informal technicians
- Several used tools like mobile apps, SOPs or printed manuals to support 3rd party technicians
- The best approach depends on your existing structure, product range and customer base

All three LMDs are continuing repair...



They're tweaking **pricing**, training more **agents**, and integrating **learnings**



Still learning from each other via WhatsApp and informal peer support



The new **spotlight**captures this momentum
to inspire others

Key recommendations for the wider ecosystem



Improve access to spare parts

Support local stocking and **reduce high minimum order requirements** so that repairs are feasible at the last mile



Role of manufacturers

Design products with repairability in mind and provide technical guidance, manuals and spare parts throughout the product's lifecycle



Policy and regulations

Encourage enabling policies
such as Extended Producer
Responsibility (EPR) and
incentives for circular models
like repair

Last mile repair

Innovation spotlight

July 2025 - updated with new learnings from GDC members pioneering last mile repair

Global Distributors Collective

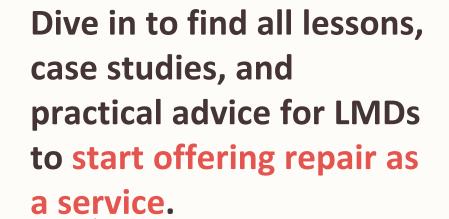
Extending product lifetimes through decentralised repair services

E-waste is the world's fastest-growing domestic waste stream, fuelled by higher consumption rates of electronic appliances, the rise of low-quality appliances with short product lifetimes, and few options for repair. A record 62 million metric tonnes (Mt) of electronic waste was generated worldwide in 2022 (UN e-waste monitor), up 82% from 2010. Whilst still only representing a fraction of the total volume, e-waste from off-grid energy products, such as solar lanterns and solar home systems. is set to grow exponentially in the very parts of the world that are currently least able to process it. Efficiency for Access estimates that in 2020 more than 66 million offgrid solar products were no longer 'in use'. It is unlikely they have found their way into responsible electronic waste flows, which are non-existent or insufficient in low-income markets.

Solardad, who have been pioneering e-waste management solutions in Zambia, found that almost management solutions in Zambia, found that almost 90% of out-of-warrant, non-functional darkerns historiate within their customers frouseholds. This is traight because, after examining some of these products, Solar Add found that around 90% were repainable if customers or agents could access the right tools and spare parts. Could access the first tools and spare parts. Could access the households are pending money purchasing new products when they could be asying money repairing their old ones, or in some cases are going without solar electricity allogether.

Benefits of last mile repair services

- 1. Improved customer satisfaction and loyalty
- 2. New revenue streams from the same product
- 3. Opportunity to meet sustainability commitments





Trailblazer presentation

SolarAid





Why repair services?

150 million solar products sold across SSA

75% have ceased to function

Limited infrastructure for recycling

Vibrant rural repair economy

The customer voice vs takeback Initiatives

Most products are repairable and in households

Solar saver: What we did

Testing SEK repair

Pro-active repair of SEKs and end user & stakeholder surveys to understand the feasibility, volume & opinion of repairing products

Testingocalised approaches

Testing the viability of repair services with irhouse product distributors & third-party technicians

Explore barriers

Understanding and trying to overcome the barriers to repair itself and the challenges posed by limitations in infrastructure & policy

Setup

Training 5 third party technicians & 15 sales agents

Sourcing spare parts

Provision of repair tools

Repair

Rural community repair days

Over 1000 products repaired in the last phase

Evidence base for common faults across multiple products

Surveys

Baseline & followup surveys with:

SEK customers

Repair technicians

Solwezi Technical School students



Solar abundance

24% of households owned 5+ offgrid solar products

2 Repairable

91.3% of products were repairable.

On average, repair costs were around 31% of replacement cost.

Waiting, not waste

Around 90% of households "hibernate" their broken solar products.

4

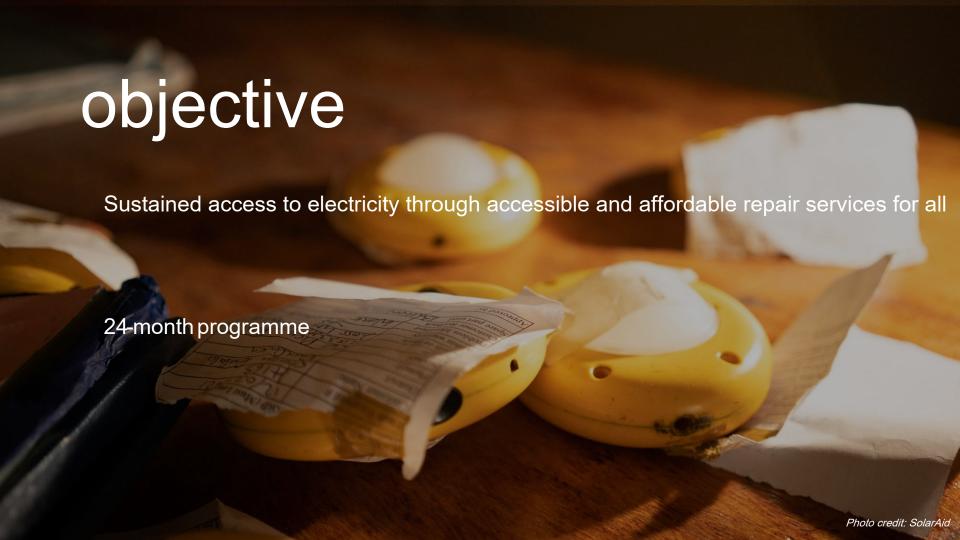
EXTEND the reach

Greater effort to extend repair services in far flung areas

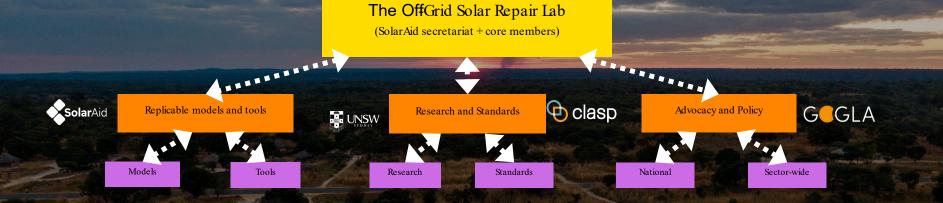
5 Business model

We need to further understand the business models to ensure that Repair Agents & Technicians are making a profit





What is the Lab?



Uniting leading sector actors on repainigh demand

Ecosystem impact & technical assistance

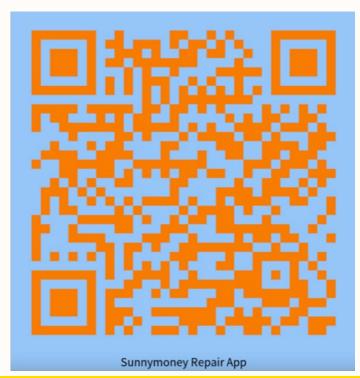
Longterm 'home' for innovation, opersource solutions and collective, inclusive action

Sectorwide, product agnostic focus

DOWNLOAD THE REPAIR APP

contact

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Fred Mwale, Grant Coordinator





Panel discussion

Kukula Solar, Natfort Energy, Nyalore Impact



What's your biggest barrier to launching repair?

Wrap up and what's next



Thanks for joining!

- The updated spotlight is available for download on the GDC website
- Interested in piloting repair or connecting with others? Get in touch with the GDC team!
- Keep an eye out for more learning sessions on sustainable solutions in the last mile